Dean Health Plan Claim Processing Edits for Professional Claims

CPT and HCPCS Codes

Current Procedural Terminology, Fourth Edition (CPT-4) is primarily updated annually and distributed by the American Medical Association (AMA), for use in reporting physician and other health related services. Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) is updated quarterly and is distributed by CMS.

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Only current CPT and	Proper CPT and HCPCS coding is essential to the accurate	AMA	All
HCPCS codes will be	reimbursement of a claim.	CMS	lines
reimbursed.			
The CPT/HCPCS chosen	"Do not select a CPT code that merely approximates the	AMA	All
must accurately identify the	service provided. If not such specific code exists, then	CMS	lines
service performed.	report the service using the appropriate unlisted procedure		
	or service". Current Procedural Terminology, Fourth		
	Edition		
Add-on codes will not be	"Add-on codes are always performed in addition to the	AMA	All
reimbursed when the primary	primary service or procedure and must never be reported as	CMS	lines
code is absent or has been	a stand-alone code". All add-on codes are exempt from		
denied for other reasons.	multiple procedure reduction rules. Current Procedural		
	Terminology, Fourth Edition		
Separate procedures will not	Separate procedures are those services that are "commonly	AMA	All
be separately reimbursed	carried out as an integral component of a total service".	CMS	lines
when billed with an	These codes should not be reported in addition to the code		
associated major procedure.	for the total procedure or service.		

ICD-10 CM Volumes 1, 2 and 3

Included in the HIPAA code set for diagnosis reporting is the "ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting". These guidelines are updated and published each October and are available on the CDC website at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/icd/icd9cm_addenda_guidelines.htm. The following are a few of the key points.

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
All diagnosis codes on the claim	Diagnosis codes are to be reported at their highest	CMS	All
should be valid and coded to the	number of characters available. ICD-10-CM codes may		lines
highest level of specificity.	be 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 characters.		
"Unspecified" codes are	"Unspecified codes should be reported when they are	CMS	All
reimbursed under limited, specific	the codes that most accurately reflect what is known		lines
circumstances.	about the patient's condition at the time of that		
	particular encounter". ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines		
	for Coding and Reporting		
	Unspecified/unlisted codes are not a replacement for an		
	accurate and complete clinical note.		

Manifestation codes should not be submitted as the sole or primary	Certain conditions have both an underlying etiology and multiple body system manifestations due to the	CMS	All lines
diagnosis. Laterality is required when applicable.	underlying etiology. The ICD-10 code reported should reflect the laterality of the condition.	CMS	All lines
	Separate codes for both the left and right side should be reported when a bilateral code is not available.		
Codes describing "External Causes of Morbidity" should not be submitted as the sole or primary diagnosis	Codes V00-Y99 should always be reported as a secondary diagnosis.	CMS	All lines
ICD-10 CM codes reflecting the administration of chemotherapy, immunotherapy and radiation therapy should not be the only diagnoses reported.	The appropriate Z51 code should be listed as the primary diagnosis when a patient encounter is solely for the administration of chemotherapy or immunotherapy. The diagnosis for which the therapy is being administered would be assigned as a secondary diagnosis.	CMS	All lines

Modifier Policy

Modifiers are used to add additional specificity to a procedure or service without changing the meaning of the associated CPT or HCPCS code. Special care should be used to ensure that the modifier reported is appropriate for both the code and the clinical scenario.

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Services reported with inappropriate	Anatomic and distinct services modifiers are	AMA	All
anatomical and/or distinct services	intended for use with specific procedures or services.	CMS	lines
modifiers will not be reimbursed.	For example, anatomical modifier –F5 (right hand,		
	thumb) should not be appended to an E/M service.		
	Or, modifier -25 (significant, separately identifiable		
	service) should not be appended to a surgical code.		
	Modifiers should be used appropriately so that they		
	add specificity to a procedure or service.		
Physical medicine and rehabilitation	Physical medicine and rehabilitation services are	CMS	All
services billed without therapy	considered "always therapy" regardless of provider		lines
modifiers -GN, -GO or -GP will not	and require a therapy modifier.		
be reimbursed.			
	For additional information on the appropriate use of		
	these modifiers, please see MLN Matters Article		
	MM10176 available at CMS.gov		
A procedure with modifier -77 will	Modifier -77 indicates that a procedure was repeated	AMA	All
not be reimbursed when the same	by a different physician. If the same physician	CMS	lines
procedure code has been billed by	performed the repeat procedure, then modifier -76		
the same provider on the same date	should be reported.		
of service.			

A procedure with modifier -76 will not be reimbursed when the same procedure code has not been billed by the same provider on the same date of service.	Modifier -76 indicates that a procedure was repeated by the physician. If a different physician performed the repeat procedure, then modifier -77 should be reported.	AMA CMS	All
A procedure with modifier -78 will not be reimbursed when the same or different 10- or 90-day procedure code has not been billed in the respective post-operative period by the same provider.	Following an initial procedure, an unplanned return to the operating room by the same physician during the postoperative period should be reported with modifier -78.	AMA CMS	All lines
A procedure with modifier -79 will not be reimbursed when the same or different 0-, 10- or 90-day procedure code has not been billed in the respective post-operative period by the same provider.	Modifier -79 should be used to report a second, unrelated procedure performed by the same physician during the post-operative period of the previous surgery.	AMA CMS	All lines
Procedures billed with modifier -27, -73, -74 or -CA will not be reimbursed if billed by a professional provider.	Modifiers -27, -73, -74 and -CA were created for use by facility providers only.	AMA CMS	All lines
Unlisted hemodialysis services will not be reimbursed when billed without modifiers G1-G6 in an ESRD facility.	When hemodialysis services (90999) are rendered in an ESRD facility (POS 65), modifier G1-G6 must be reported to show the adequacy of the service.	CMS	All lines

Place of Service (POS)

The POS code reported should reflect the entity where the service was rendered. These codes are another one of the HIPAA code sets and are maintained by CMS. For additional information, please visit their website at http://www.cms.gov/PlaceofServiceCodes/01_Overview.asp#TopOfPage

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Services billed under the incorrect	The POS code reported should reflect the entity	AMA	All
place-of-service code will not be	where the service was rendered	CMS	lines
reimbursed.			
C-codes will not be reimbursed when	HCPCS codes C1000-C9999 represent the	CMS	All
billed by a professional provider.	supplies, implants, drugs and the technical		lines
	component associated to specific services and		
	procedures. They were developed as part of		
	Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS)		
	and are intended for use by outpatient facilities		
	only.		
Surgical dressings will not be	Surgical dressings applied in the office are	AMA	All
separately reimbursed when billed in	considered incidental to the professional service.	CMS	lines
an office setting.			

"Incident to" services will not be reimbursed when billed with a place of service code 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 31, 34, 41, 42, 51, 52, 53, 56, 61, 62, or 65.	However, dressing changes sent home with the patient may be separately reimbursed when billed with the correct POS code. "Incident-to" guidelines are applicable to services provided in an office setting	CMS	All
Laboratory services provided outside of the office are reimbursed to physicians only in limited situations.	Reimbursement for laboratory tests (80000-89999) is included in the payment to the facility in which the services were rendered. Those tests with a professional component may be separately reimbursed when performed by an appropriate specialty, such as pathology, dermatopathology and genetics.	CMS	All lines
Physical therapy services provided by a speech-language pathologist or physical/occupational therapist will not be reimbursed if billed in an inpatient or outpatient hospital setting.	Reimbursement for physical therapy services provided by a PT, OT, or a speech-language pathologist is included in the payment to the facility in which the services were rendered.	CMS	All lines

Maximum Units Policy

Each CPT/HCPCS code has been assigned a maximum number of units that may be billed per day for a member. Where available, DHP has accepted the CMS Medically Unlikely Edit (MUE) value. All other codes have been assigned a maximum-unit-of-service based on the code definition, anatomical site, clinical guidelines and industry standards.

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Procedures and services billed with a unit	Each CPT/HCPCS code has been assigned a	CMS	All
amount that is in excess of the assigned	maximum number of units that may be billed		lines
value, will not be reimbursed	per day for a member		

Multiple Procedure Reduction / Multiple Endoscopy Reduction

"Most medical and surgical procedures include pre-procedure, intra-procedure, and post-procedure work. When multiple procedures are performed at the same patient encounter, there is often overlap of the pre-procedure and post-procedure work. Payment methodologies for surgical procedures account for the overlap of the pre-procedure and post-procedure work." *National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) Policy Manual, Chapter 1*.

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Multiple Procedure Reduction	Identified by Status Indicator '2' on the	CMS	Commercial
When multiple non-endoscopic surgical	PFS Relative Value File, the intent of		Medicare
procedures are performed on the same	multiple procedure reduction is to		
patient on the same day by a physician in	address duplication in the physician		
the same group practice, the standard	pre- and post-procedure work.		
100%, 50%, 25% applies.			

Multiple Procedure Reduction When multiple non-endoscopic surgical procedures are performed on the same patient on the same day by a physician in the same group practice, Subsequent procedures will be reimbursed at 50%, 25%, 13%, 13%	The intent of multiple procedure reduction is to address duplication in the physician pre- and post-procedure work.	CMS	Medicaid
Multiple Endoscopy Reduction When multiple endoscopies in different families are billed, standard multiple procedure reduction (MPR)	The primary procedure is the code with the highest RVU.	CMS	All lines
Multiple Endoscopy Reduction When multiple endoscopies in the same family are billed, the most extensive endoscopy will be reimbursed at 100% as determined by the Relative Value Unit (RVU) assigned.	Identified by Status Indicator '3' on the PFS Relative Value File, The intent of the multiple endoscopy reduction is to address the overlap in endoscopic procedures included in the same base family.	CMS	Commercial Medicare
Payment for any secondary endoscopic procedure is based on a percentage amount derived from CMS 'National Payment Amount' assigned to the code.	A diagnostic endoscopy is always bundled to the surgical endoscopy.		

Multiple Procedure Payment Reduction (MPPR)

Section 3134 of the Affordable Care Act (ACA) added section 1848(c)(2)(K) to the Social Security Act which specified that potentially misvalued codes be identified by examining those codes which are frequently billed together to furnish a single service. Payment-reduction rules were subsequently enacted to account for efficiencies in the practice expense (PE) component of therapy services and the technical component (TC) for cardiovascular and ophthalmology services. All procedures should be reported at full fee to ensure appropriate reimbursement.

The PFS Relative Value File assigns RVUs to most codes. Commonly known as the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB), this file is available on the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSRVF/list.asp#TopOfPage

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Multiple Procedure Reduction for	In 2011, Medicare implemented payment-	CMS	Commercial
Therapy Services.	reduction rules to account for the		Medicare
When multiple "Always Therapy"	efficiencies in the practice expense (PE)		
codes are billed, the procedure with the	when multiple therapies are performed		
highest RVU for the PE component is	during the same session. Per the Centers		
reimbursed at 100% of the contractual	for Medicare and Medicaid Services		
allowed amount. A 50% reduction will	(CMS): "There is inherent duplication in		

be applied to the PE component for subsequent units and procedures. Multiple Procedure Reduction for Diagnostic Cardiovascular Procedures When multiple diagnostic cardiovascular codes are billed, the procedure with the highest RVU for the technical component will be reimbursed the PE associated with those services which are frequently furnished together". In 2013, Medicare implemented payment-reduction rules to account for the efficiencies in the technical component (TC) for multiple diagnostic cardiovascular services or multiple ophthalmology services performed during the same
Multiple Procedure Reduction for Diagnostic Cardiovascular Procedures When multiple diagnostic cardiovascular codes are billed, the procedure with the highest RVU for theIn 2013, Medicare implemented payment- reduction rules to account for the efficiencies in the technical component (TC) for multiple diagnostic cardiovascular services or multiple ophthalmologyCMS Medicare
Diagnostic Cardiovascular Procedures When multiple diagnostic cardiovascular codes are billed, the procedure with the highest RVU for the reduction rules to account for the efficiencies in the technical component (TC) for multiple diagnostic cardiovascular services or multiple ophthalmology
When multiple diagnostic efficiencies in the technical component (TC) for multiple diagnostic cardiovascular procedure with the highest RVU for the procedure with the highest
cardiovascular codes are billed, the procedure with the highest RVU for the cardiovascular services or multiple diagnostic cardiovascular services or multiple ophthalmology
procedure with the highest RVU for the services or multiple ophthalmology
tachnical component will be raimburged carvices performed during the same
at 100% of the contractual allowed session.
amount. A 25% reduction will be
applied to the technical component for Per the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
subsequent units and procedures. Services (CMS): "When multiple
diagnostic tests are furnished to the same
Multiple Procedure Reduction for patient on the same day, most of the
Ophthalmology Services clinical labor activities and some supplies
When multiple ophthalmology codes are not furnished twice. Examples include:
are billed, the procedure with the greeting and gowning the patient;
highest RVU for the technical preparing the room, equipment and
component will be reimbursed at 100% supplies; taking history and vitals;
of the contractual allowed amount. A reviewing prior test results, and preparing
20% reduction will be applied to the and positioning the patient.
technical component for subsequent
units and procedures.
Multiple Procedure Reduction for Multiple Procedure Reduction for CMS Commercial
Radiology Services Radiology rules apply when a provider Medicare
When multiple imaging codes from the performs two or more diagnostic imaging
same family are billed on the same date services from the same code family. The
of service, A 50% reduction will be procedure with the highest non-facility
applied to the technical component RVU price for the technical component is
(TC) and a 5% reduction will be reimbursed at 100%. The technical
applied to the professional component component for all secondary procedures is
(PC) of the secondary radiology reduced by 50%.
services.

Bilateral Procedures

A bilateral procedure is defined as one that is performed on both sides of the body at the same session or on the same date of service.

Dean Health Plan requires that bilateral procedures be reported on a single line. When a procedure is performed bilaterally and the bilateral indicator is "1" or "3", modifier 50 should be appended to the procedure code and submitted on a single line. One (1) unit of service should be reported.

Bilateral indicators assigned to each code determine reimbursement and are available in the PFS Relative Value File. Commonly known as the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB), this file is available on the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSRVF/list.asp#TopOfPage

Description	Detail	Source	LOB
Bilateral procedures submitted	Bilateral procedures will be processed according to	CMS	All
inappropriately will not be	the indicator assigned in the Medicare Physician Fee		lines
reimbursed.	Schedule Database.		
Codes assigned a bilateral indicator	Either the description specifically states that the code	CMS	All
of "0" will not be reimbursed at	is unilateral in nature, or the physiology or anatomy		lines
150%.	makes a bilateral procedure unlikely.		
Codes assigned a bilateral indicator	When performed bilaterally, these procedures should	CMS	All
of "1" will be reimbursed at 150%.	be reported with modifier -50.		lines
Codes assigned a bilateral indicator	These services are bilateral in nature. Bilateral	CMS	All
of "2" will not be reimbursed at	reimbursement is already reflected.		lines
150%.			
Codes assigned a bilateral indicator	These services are payable at 100% for each side	CMS	All
of "3" will be reimbursed at 100%	when billed bilaterally.		lines
for each side.			
Codes assigned a bilateral indicator	The bilateral concept does not apply to these codes.	CMS	All
of "9" will not be reimbursed at			lines
150%.			

Professional, Technical and Global Services Policy

Certain procedures are comprised of a professional (physician) component and a technical (facility) component. The combination of the professional and technical component is considered the global service.

- **Modifier -26** "Professional Component". Modifier -26 is appended to the procedure when only the professional component is performed.
- **Modifier -TC** "Technical Component". Modifier -TC is appended to the procedure when only the facility component is performed.

To report the global service, the procedure code should be billed without a modifier. It would not be appropriate to report:

- 1. The procedure code with both -26 and -TC on the same line (xxxxx-26, TC), or
- 2. The procedure code on two lines with either the -26 or -TC (xxxxx-26 and xxxxx-TC).

PC/TC indicators assigned to each code determine reimbursement and are available in the PFS Relative Value File. Commonly known as the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB), this file is available on the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSRVF/list.asp#TopOfPage

Description	Detail	Source	LOB
Neither modifiers -26 nor -TC	These are physician service codes that identify	AMA	All lines
should be used with codes assigned	physician services. The PC/TC concept does not	CMS	
a PC/TC indicator of "0".	apply.		

Neither modifiers -26 nor -TC should be used with codes assigned a PC/TC indicator of "2".	These are professional component only codes that describe the physician work portion of a diagnostic test. Other associated codes are available for the reporting of the technical component only and global tests.	AMA CMS	All lines
Neither modifiers -26 nor -TC should be used with codes assigned a PC/TC indicator of "3".	These are technical component only codes that describe the technical (staff and equipment costs) of a diagnostic test. Other associated codes are available for the reporting of the professional component only portion.	AMA CMS	All lines
Neither modifier -26 nor -TC should be used with codes assigned a PC/TC indicator of "4".	These are global only codes. There are other associated codes for the technical and professional components.	AMA CMS	All lines
Neither modifier -26 nor -TC should be used with codes assigned a PC/TC indicator of "9".	The PC/TC concept does not apply to these codes.	AMA CMS	All lines
Multiple submissions of professional or technical components of the same service will not be reimbursed.	Reimbursement of diagnostic tests and radiology services will be limited to no more than the amount for the global service regardless of whether the billing is from the same or different provider(s).	CMS	All lines
Neither the professional component of a radiology service nor consultations on x-ray exams made elsewhere, will be separately reimbursed when reported with an E/M service.	Radiology services billed with CPT code 76140 and/or modifier -26 are considered part of the E/M.	CMS	All lines
Technical component only codes and procedures billed with modifier -TC in either the inpatient or outpatient facility setting will not be reimbursed when billed by a professional provider.	These services should be billed by the facility in which they were performed.	CMS	All lines
Clinical laboratory services that do not have an associated professional component, will not be reimbursed when reported with modifier -26.	The interpretation of laboratory (80048-89399) results is included in the payment for E/M services.	CMS	Medicare
	Additionally, CMS indicates that it is inappropriate for pathologists to bill for laboratory oversight and supervision through the use of this modifier. Reimbursement for laboratory oversight and supervision is obtained through the hospital or independent laboratory.		
Only one professional or technical component for the same service will be reimbursed.	DHP will reimburse up to the global amount for covered procedures. Modifiers should be used to indicate a repeat procedure or one that was	CMS	All lines

performed by a different physician so that the appropriate additional reimbursement can be	
made.	

Bundling and Other Reimbursement by Status Indicator

The work associated with some services and procedures is inherent to other more global procedures. Certain status indicators are available in the PFS Relative Value File to assist in identifying those codes.

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Codes assigned a status indicator	Bundled/excluded codes are considered incidental	CMS	All lines
of "P" will not be separately	to other services provided by the same provider on		
reimbursed when billed with any	the same date of service. There are no RVUs for		
other payable services on the	these codes and they are not separately payable.		
same day.			
Codes assigned a status indicator	Payment for bundled codes is always included in	CMS	All lines
of "B" will not be separately	primary procedure, even when not performed on the		
reimbursed.	same date of service.		
Codes assigned a status indicator	Codes assigned a status code of "T" are only	CMS	All lines
of "T" will not be separately	reimbursable when there are no other services		
reimbursed when billed with	payable billed on the same date by the same		
other payable services on the	provider.		
same day.			
Codes assigned a status indicator	Codes assigned a status code of "I" are not valid for	CMS	Medicare
of "I" will not be separately	Medicare purposes. Per CMS, another code is		
reimbursed.	required for the reporting of these services.		
	Included in this grouping, are all HCPCS codes that		
	begin with "S".		

Assistant Surgeon

An assistant-at-surgery provides an additional pair of hands for the operating surgeon. They differ from cosurgeons in that they do not have primary responsibility for, nor do they perform, distinct parts of the surgical procedure.

Modifiers should be used to indicate the type of assistant at surgery. All procedures should be reported at full fee to ensure appropriate reimbursement.

- Modifier -80 "Assistant Surgeon". One physician assists another in performing the entire procedure.
- **Modifier -81** "Minimum Assistant Surgeon". One physician assists another in performing a portion of the procedure.
- **Modifier -82** "Assistant Surgeon (when qualified resident surgeon not available)". Typically used by teaching hospitals.
- **Modifier -AS** "Physician assistant, nurse practitioner; or clinical nurse specialist services for assistant at surgery". Surgeon is assisted by a non-physician provider, PA, NP or CNS.

Assistant Surgeon indicators assigned to each code determine reimbursement and are available in the PFS Relative Value File. Commonly known as the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB), this file is available on the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSRVF/list.asp#TopOfPage

Description	Detail	Source	LOB
Codes assigned an assistant surgeon indicator of	Those procedures that require	CMS	All lines
'0', '1', and '9' will not be reimbursed.	the services of an assistant		
	surgeon, have been assigned a		
	status indicator of "2"		
Only one assistant surgeon is allowed per surgical	Only one assistant surgeon is	CMS	All lines
procedure.	allowed per surgical procedure		
Covered procedures that qualify for an assistant-at-	The services of a physician	CMS	Commercial
surgery that are reported with modifiers -80, -81, -	assistant at surgery is		Medicaid
82 will be reimbursed at 20% of the allowable	reimbursed at a different		
amount. Modifier -AS will be reimbursed at 10%.	percentage than those of a PA		
	or NP		
Covered procedures that qualify for an assistant-at-	The services of a physician	CMS	Medicare
surgery that are reported with modifiers -80, -81, -	assistant at surgery is		
82, -AS will be reimbursed at 16% of the	reimbursed at a different		
allowable amount.	percentage than those of a PA		
	or NP		

Co-Surgeon

Under some circumstances, the individual skills of two surgeons are required to perform surgery on the same patient during the same operative session. This may be required due to the complex nature of the procedure(s) and/or the patient's condition. In these cases, the additional physicians are not acting as assistants-at-surgery.

Each surgeon should dictate separate operative reports and bill under the same code with modifier -62, "Two Surgeons". Additional procedures (including add-on procedures) may be reported with modifier -62 as long as the surgeons continue to work together. Bilateral and multiple procedure reduction rules apply along with any appropriate bundling edits. All procedures should be reported at full fee to ensure appropriate reimbursement.

Co-Surgeon indicators assigned to each code determine eligibility and are available in the PFS Relative Value File. Commonly known as the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB), this file is available on the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSRVF/list.asp#TopOfPage

Description	Detail	Source	LOB
	Those procedures that require the services of a		
Codes assigned a co-surgeon indicator of	co-surgeon, have been assigned a status		All
"0", "1" and "9" will not be reimbursed.	indicator of "2"	CMS	lines
	The reimbursement for the total procedure is		
Modifier 62 will be reimbursed at 62.5%	125% of the allowable for an individual		All
of the allowed amount.	physician.	CMS	lines

Co-surgeon claims will not be			
reimbursed when both surgeons have the	To qualify as a co-surgeon, each physician	AMA	All
same subspecialty.	must have a different specialty.	CMS	lines

Team Surgeon

Highly complex surgeries are carried out under the "surgical team" concept. These procedures require the concomitant services of several physicians, often of different specialties, plus other highly skilled, specially trained personnel and various types of complex equipment.

Each surgeon reports their participation in a team surgery once using the same code and modifier -66, "Surgical Team". Bilateral and multiple procedure reduction rules apply along with any appropriate bundling edits. Team surgeons are rare. When one surgeon assists another, modifiers -80, -81 or -82 may be more appropriate. All procedures should be reported at full fee to ensure appropriate reimbursement.

Team-Surgeon Indicators assigned to each code determine eligibility and are available in the PFS Relative Value File. Commonly known as the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB), this file is available on the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSRVF/list.asp#TopOfPage

Description	Detail	Source	LOB
Codes assigned a team surgeon indicator	Those procedures that require the services of		
of "0", "1" and "9" will not be	team surgeons, have been assigned a status		All
reimbursed.	indicator of "2"	CMS	lines

Split Surgical Care

When different physicians perform the pre-, intra- and post-operative portion of a 90-day procedure, each will be reimbursed a percentage of the global fee. The percentages allocated for each vary by procedure and are posted in the CMS PFS Relative Value File

http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSRVF/list.asp#TopOfPage

Modifiers should be used to indicate which portion each physician provided. All procedures should be reported at full fee to ensure appropriate reimbursement.

- **Modifier -54** "Surgical Care Only". The physician who performs the surgery only should append modifier 54 to the appropriate surgical procedure code
- **Modifier -55** "Post-operative Management Only. The physician who performs the post-operative care only should append modifier 55 to the appropriate surgical procedure code
- **Modifier -56** "Pre-operative Management Only". The physician who performs the pre-operative care only should append modifier 56 to the appropriate surgical procedure code

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Modifiers -54, -55 and -56 will be used			
to ensure that procedures with a 90-	The sum of the amount approved for all		
day global period are paid up to 100%	physicians performing pre-, intra- and post-	AMA	All
of the global allowable.	operative services may not exceed what would	CMS	lines

have been paid if a single physician provided all	
services.	

Anesthesia

Services involving the administration of anesthesia should be reported using the five-digit anesthesia code (00100-01999).

- Anesthesiologist Anesthesia modifiers are required to denote whether the anesthesiologist's service
 was personally performed, medically directed, medically supervised or represented monitored anesthesia
 care.
 - o -AA "Anesthesia services performed personally by an anesthesiologist"
 - o -AD "Medical supervision by a physician: more than 4 concurrent anesthesia procedures"
 - QK "Medical direction of 2, 3, or 4 concurrent anesthesia procedures involving qualified individuals"
 - o -QY "Medical direction of one CRNA by an anesthesiologist"
- **CRNA** CRNA's must report the appropriate anesthesia modifier to indicate whether the service was performed with or without physician supervision.
 - o -QX "CRNA Service: with medical direction by a physician"
 - o -QZ "CRNA Service: without medical direction by a physician"

Monitored Anesthesia modifiers

- G8 (Monitored anesthesia care for deep, complex, complicated, or markedly invasive surgical procedure)
- G9 (Monitored anesthesia care for patient who has history of severe cardio-pulmonary condition)
- o -QS (Monitored anesthesia care service)

All procedures should be reported at full fee to ensure appropriate reimbursement.

Description	Detail	Source	LOB
Anesthesia billed under a	Services involving the administration of anesthesia should	CMS	All
surgical CPT code will be	be reported using the five-digit anesthesia code (00100-		lines
cross walked to a five-digit	01999).		
anesthesia code (00100-			
01999).			
General anesthesia services	Anesthesia modifiers are required to denote whether the	CMS	All
will not be reimbursed if	anesthesiologist's service was personally performed,		lines
billed without an appropriate	medically directed, medically supervised or represented		
modifier.	monitored anesthesia care.		
	Similarly, CRNA's must report the appropriate anesthesia		
	modifier to indicate whether the service was performed with		
	or without physician supervision.		

If multiple general anesthesia service codes are received, only the highest submitted charge amount will be paid.	When multiple general anesthesia services are billed for the same day, only the anesthesia for the procedure with the highest base value, plus the time for all anesthesia services combined, should be reported. Excluded are: 01953, 01968, 01969, 01995, 01996	CMS	All lines
Modifiers AD, QK, QX and QY will be reimbursed at 50% of the allowed amount. Provider should report the charge at full fee, DHP will make the adjustment.	When a single anesthesia procedure involves both the medical direction of a physician and the services of medically directed CRNAs, the payment for all providers will be 50% of the allowance had the service been furnished by the anesthesiologist alone.	CMS	All
Patient demand event recording services billed with general anesthesia services will not be reimbursed.	Electrocardiography services are considered a component of general anesthesia services	CMS	All lines

Global Surgical Package / Global Period - Dean Health Plan has adopted the CMS definition and processing logic for the global surgical package.

- Global Surgical Package: Included in the global surgical package are: pre-and post-operative visits, intraoperative services, complications following surgery, supplies and miscellaneous services such as dressing
 changes, suture removal etc. Additional information on the global surgical package may be found in
 Chapter 12 of the Medicare Claims Processing Manual at
 http://www.cms.gov/manuals/downloads/clm104c12.pdf
- **Global Period:** Integral to the global surgical package is the global-period concept. The global period begins one-day prior to a procedure and extends to either 0-, 10- or 90-days after. Post-operative services during this time frame are considered incidental to the corresponding procedure. For major procedures, the global period is 90 days. Minor surgeries and endoscopies are assigned either 0- or 10-day global periods.

The PFS Relative Value File assigns global periods to most codes. Commonly known as the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB), this file is available on the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/PFSRVF/list.asp#TopOfPage

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
E/M services performed the day prior to,	Payment for the evaluation and management of	AMA	All
or day of, a 90-day medical or surgical	the patient is included in the medical or	CMS	lines
service will not be reimbursed separately.	surgical service performed unless the E/M was		
	significant and separately identifiable or		
	reflects the decision for surgery.		
E/M services performed during the post-	Payment for post-operative care is included in	AMA	All
operative period of a 10- or 90-day	the medical or surgical service performed.	CMS	lines
	However, an unrelated E/M performed during		

medical or surgical service will not be reimbursed separately.	the post-operative period of another procedure may be separately reimbursed when reported appropriately.		
E/M services performed the same day as a 0- or 10-day medical or surgical service will not be reimbursed separately.	Unless significant and separately identifiable, payment for E/M services is included in the medical or surgical service performed.	AMA CMS	All lines
Supplies will not be separately reimbursed when billed on the same date of service as a 0-, 10- or 90-day surgical procedure.	According to CMS policy, the practice expense for surgical procedures includes payment for the related supplies when furnished by the provider who performed the procedure.	AMA CMS	All lines
Surgical and medical services billed within the 10- or 90-day post-operative period for the corresponding global procedure codes will not be separately reimbursed.	Included in the global surgical package are all supplemental medical or surgical services required of the surgeon during the post-operative period which do not require additional trips to the operating room (OR). Procedures requiring a return to the OR should be billed with an appropriate modifier to indicate that the additional procedure is both distinct and separate.	AMA CMS	All lines
Anesthesia services provided by the surgeon will not be reimbursed.	This would include codes submitted with modifier -47.	CMS	All lines
Daily hospital management of epidural or subarachnoid continuous drug administration (01996) will not be separately reimbursed when performed by the operating surgeon on the same day as the procedure.	Payment for post-operative pain management is included in the global surgical fee.	CMS	All lines

Global Obstetrical Package

According to CPT, "The services normally provided in uncomplicated maternity cases include antepartum care, delivery, and postpartum care".

- **Antepartum Care** includes: The initial and subsequent history, physical examinations, recording of weight, blood pressures, fetal heart tones, routine chemical urinallysis, visits (approximately 13).
- **Delivery Services** include: The admission to the hospital, the admission history and physical examination, management of uncomplicated labor, cesarean delivery or vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, forceps).
- **Postpartum Care** includes: Hospital and office visits following delivery.

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Those antepartum and delivery services	The American College of Obstetricians	AMA	All
which are included in global obstetrical	(ACOG) and the American Medical Society	ACOG	lines
package, will not be separately reimbursed			

when billed on the same day as the	(AMA) have defined the global obstetrical		
delivery.	package as including the services listed above.		
Multiple delivery codes will not be	For example, a global vaginal delivery will not	AMA	All
separately reimbursed when billed without	be separately billed when billed with a global	ACOG	lines
a multiple gestation code.	cesarean delivery code if the diagnosis does		
	not reflect a multiple gestation		
Cerclage removal will not be reimbursed	The reimbursement for cerclage removal is	ACOG	All
separately when billed on the same date as	included in the payment for the delivery.		lines
the delivery code.			

Evaluation and Management (E/M) Services

"Medical necessity of a service is the overarching criterion for payment in addition to the individual requirements of a CPT code. It would not be medically necessary or appropriate to bill a higher level of evaluation and management service when a lower level of service is warranted. The volume of documentation should not be the primary influence upon which a specific level of service is billed." *CMS Medicare Claims Processing Manual 100-04, Chapter 12, Section 30.6.1.A.*

While there are many benefits to the Electronic Health Record (EHR), cloning, auto-fill and auto-prompts in the EHR system - which primarily impact the level of the History and Physical Exam component of the encounter - may result in the billing of a higher-level E/M code than the service actually provided, based on the level of Medical Decision Making required. To date, neither the 1995 or 1997 *Documentation Guidelines for Evaluation and Management* have addressed this significant change in technology.

Therefore, Dean Health Plan includes Medical Decision Making as a key component in the review of all E/M services.

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Providers identified as billing a	Level 4 or 5 E/M services may be recoded should	AMA	All
higher-level E/M than their peers	the nature of the presenting problem be inconsistent	CMS	lines
more than 50% of the time, may be	with the level of service billed.		
included in DHP's E/M recoding			
program.			
Advance notice will be given to			
providers included in this program.			
A new patient E/M will not be	Per CPT, a new patient is one who has not received	AMA	All
reimbursed when used to report	any professional service from the physician or	CMS	lines
services for an established patient.	another physician in the group of the same		
	specialty, within the previous three years.		
An office consultation service will	Per CPT, follow-up visits that are initiated by the	CMS	All
not be reimbursed when any other	physician consultant or patient are to be reported		lines
E/M service has been recently billed	using the appropriate codes for established patients,		
for the same diagnosis by same	not one for consults (99241-99245). Additional		
provider or provider group of the	requests for office consultations are unlikely to		
same specialty.	occur within several months of the initial consult.		

Only one E/M is allowed per day	Significant, separately identifiable E/M services	CMS	All
from the same provider group and	might be reimbursed when billed with the		lines
specialty.	appropriate modifier.		
An interpretation and report only of a	Per CPT, It is not appropriate to use 93042 to report	AMA	All
rhythm ECG will not be reimbursed	the review of a telemetry monitor strip taken from a	CMS	lines
when billed with an E/M service in	monitoring system. There must be a specific order		
the hospital setting.	and separate, signed, retrievable report.		

National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI)

Dean Health Plan uses the CMS' NCCI and its associated manual in its claims processing. According to CMS, these policies are based on a number of sources including; AMA coding conventions as defined in the CPT manual, national and local CMS policies, coding guidelines developed by national societies, analysis of standard medical and surgical practices and a review of current coding practices. NCCI tables and their associated manuals are available on the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov/NationalCorrectCodInitEd/01_overview.asp#TopOfPage

DHP Processing	Additional Detail	Source	LOB
Column II procedure codes will not be	The Column II code is considered the component	CMS	All
reimbursed when submitted with a	code.		lines
code from Column I.			
Procedures considered to be	Not all edits are contained in the NCCI tables.	CMS	All
inappropriately coded based on NCCI	Many general coding principles, issues and		lines
policies will not be separately	policies are addressed in the NCCI Policy Manual.		
reimbursed.			
Allergy testing is not separately	In standard medical practice, allergy testing	CMS	All
reimbursed when performed on the	(95004-95078) is not performed on the same day		lines
same date as immunotherapy of the	as allergy immunotherapy (95115-95180).		
same allergen.			
E/M services that are not significant	An E/M solely for the interpretation of an allergy	CMS	All
and separately identifiable from allergy	test or to obtain informed consent for		lines
testing or immunotherapy will not be	immunotherapy (95004-95199) is not separately		
reimbursed.	reportable.		
E/M services that are not significant	Unless significant, separately identifiable, a	CMS	All
and separately identifiable will not be	limited history and physical exam is considered		lines
reimbursed when billed on the same	integral to a stress test, stress echocardiography,		
day as a stress test, stress	myocardial perfusion imaging (e.g. 78451-78454,		
echocardiography, myocardial	93015-93016, 93350-93351) or pulmonary		
perfusion imaging or pulmonary	function testing (e.g. 94010-94014, 94620-94621		
function testing.	etc).		
E/M services performed by a	Physician interaction with a patient prior to a	CMS	All
radiologist will not be reimbursed	radiographic procedure generally involves a		lines
when billed with a XXX-day global	limited pertinent historical inquiry about reasons		
radiology service.	for the examination, the presence of allergies,		
	acquisition of informed consent, discussion of		
	follow-up, and the review of the medical record.		

	In this setting, a separate E/M service should not		
	be reported.		
Operating microscopes may be	According to CMS policy, the use of an operating	CMS	All
separately reimbursable with specific	microscope may be separately reimbursed when		lines
procedures.	used with one of the following procedures:		
	61304-61546, 61550-61711, 62010-62100, 63081-		
	63308, 63704-63710, 64831, 64834-64836,		
	64840-64858, 64861-64871, 64885-64891, 64905-		
	64907.		
Reimbursement for local anesthesia,	An exception may be made for lidocaine used as a	CMS	All
including lidocaine, is included the	medication for heart arrhythmias.		lines
primary procedure.			

Drugs and Biologicals

Drug and Biologicals payment policies enforce guidelines such as appropriate indications and frequency for use, dosing limits, etc.

Description	Detail	Source	LOB
Policies include, but	Examples of drugs included in	The primary source for these	All
may not be not limited	these policies include:	payment policies is the	lines
to, the following:	Omalizumab (Xolair®),	manufacturer's package insert (FDA	
• The drug must be	Bevacizumab (Avastin®),	approved indications).	
used for labeled or	Pegfilgrastim (Neulasta®),		
industry accepted	Filgrastim (Neupogen®),	Other industry authority references	
off-labeled	Paclitaxel (Taxol®), Paclitaxel	include but are not limited to sources	
indications.	protein-bound particles	such as:	
• The dosage must be	(Abraxane®), Doxorubicin HCL	Elsevier Gold Standard's Clinical	
appropriate for the	(Doxil®), Docetaxel (Taxotere®),	Pharmacology, Thomson	
specific condition of	Infliximab (Remicade®),	MICROMEDEX® (DRUGDEX®,	
the patient.	Trastuzumab (Herceptin®),	DrugPoints®), American Hospital	
• The frequency of	Antihemophilic Factor VIII,	Formulary System (AHFS) DI,	
administration must	Antihemophilic Factor IX,	National Comprehensive Cancer	
be appropriate for	Rituximab (Rituxan®), Iron	Network (NCCN) Drugs & Biologics	
the diagnosis for	Sucrose, Iron Dextran, Zoledronic	Compendium, and Centers for	
which it is being	Acid (Zometa®), Zoledronic Acid	Medicare and Medicaid Services	
used.	(Reclast®), Palonosetron HCI	(CMS) Regional Local Carrier	
• The drug must be	(Aloxi®), Ranibizumab	Determinations (LCDs).	
appropriate for the	(Lucentis®), Amphotericin B		
age of the patient to	Liposome (AmBisome®),		
whom it is being	Oxaliplatin (Eloxatin®),		
administered.	Bortezomib (Velcade®),		
The drug should not	Leuprolide Acetate (Lupron®),		
be given with other	Leuprolide Acetate Depot (Lupron		
drugs that might	Depot®, Eligard®), Leuprolide		
	Acetate Implant, Cetuximab		

cause an adverse	(Erbitux®), Sodium Hyaluronate	
reaction.	(Hyalagan®, Supartz®, Synvisc®,	
• The drug should be	Euflexxa®, Orthovisc®),	
administered by the	Darbepoetin Alfa (Aranesp®),	
appropriate route	Epoetin Alfa (Procrit®,	
(i.e. injection,	Epogen®), Octreotide Acetate	
intravenous infusion,	(Sandostatin LAR®),	
intralesional, intra-	Velaglucerase Alfa, Alglucerase	
arterial, etc.).	and Imiglucerase (VPRIVTM,	
, ,	Cerezyme®. Ceredase®),	
	Fulvestrant (Faslodex®)	

Chiropractic Care

Description	Detail	Source	LOB
Chiropractic manipulative	98940-98942 will be allowed no more than once	CMS	All lines
treatment will be allowed no more	per day, when billed by any provider.		
than once per day			
Chiropractic manipulation will not	98940-98942 without the acute treatment modifier,	CMS	All lines
be reimbursed when billed without	-AT, will not be reimbursed. Maintenance therapy		
the requisite modifier	is not a covered benefit.		
Chiropractic manipulation will	For Medicare, please see National Government	CMS	Medicare
only be reimbursed when	Services (NGS) Local Coverage Determination		
performed for covered indications	(LCD) on Chiropractic Services for more		
	information.		